

Republic Act 8425 of 1997: Social Reform and Poverty Alleviation Act

defines " Poor as individuals and families whose income fall below the poverty threshold as defined by the NEDA and/or cannot afford in a sustained manner to provide their minimum basic needs of food, health, education, housing and other essential amenities of life." (Section 3 of the RA 8425)

POVERTY THRESHOLD

A Filipino family with five members in Northern Mindanao needed on the average

Php 11,920

monthly to meet their basic food and non-food needs in the first semester of 2021.



POVERTY THRESHOLD is the minimum income required for a family/individual to meet the basic food and non-food requirements, also known as Poverty Line.

FOOD THRESHOLD

A Filipino family with five members in Northern Mindanao needed around

Php 8,305

monthly to meet their basic food needs.

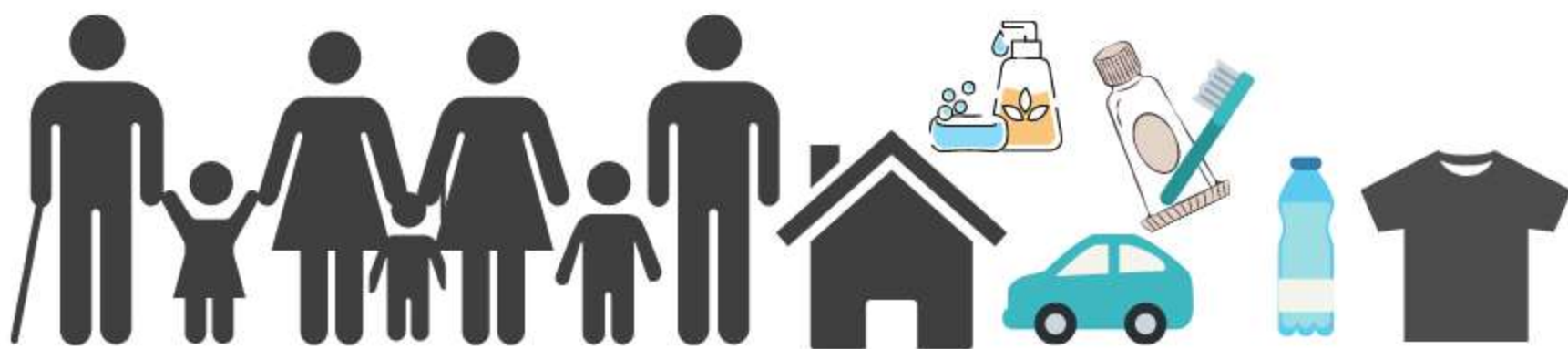


FOOD THRESHOLD is the minimum income required for a family/individual to meet the basic food needs which satisfy the nutritional requirements for economically necessary and socially desirable physical activities.

POVERTY INCIDENCE



POVERTY INCIDENCE is the proportion of families/individuals with per capita income less than the per capita Poverty Threshold to the total number of families/individuals.



AMONG FAMILIES

312 thousand

poor families whose income were below the monthly poverty threshold, which translates to **26.2%** poverty incidence among families

AMONG POPULATION

33.8%

of the population or equivalent to about **1.72 million individuals** in the region whose income is **not sufficient** to meet their basic food and non-food needs

SUBSISTENCE INCIDENCE



SUBSISTENCE INCIDENCE is the proportion of families/individuals with per capita income less than the per capita Food Threshold to the total number of families/individuals.



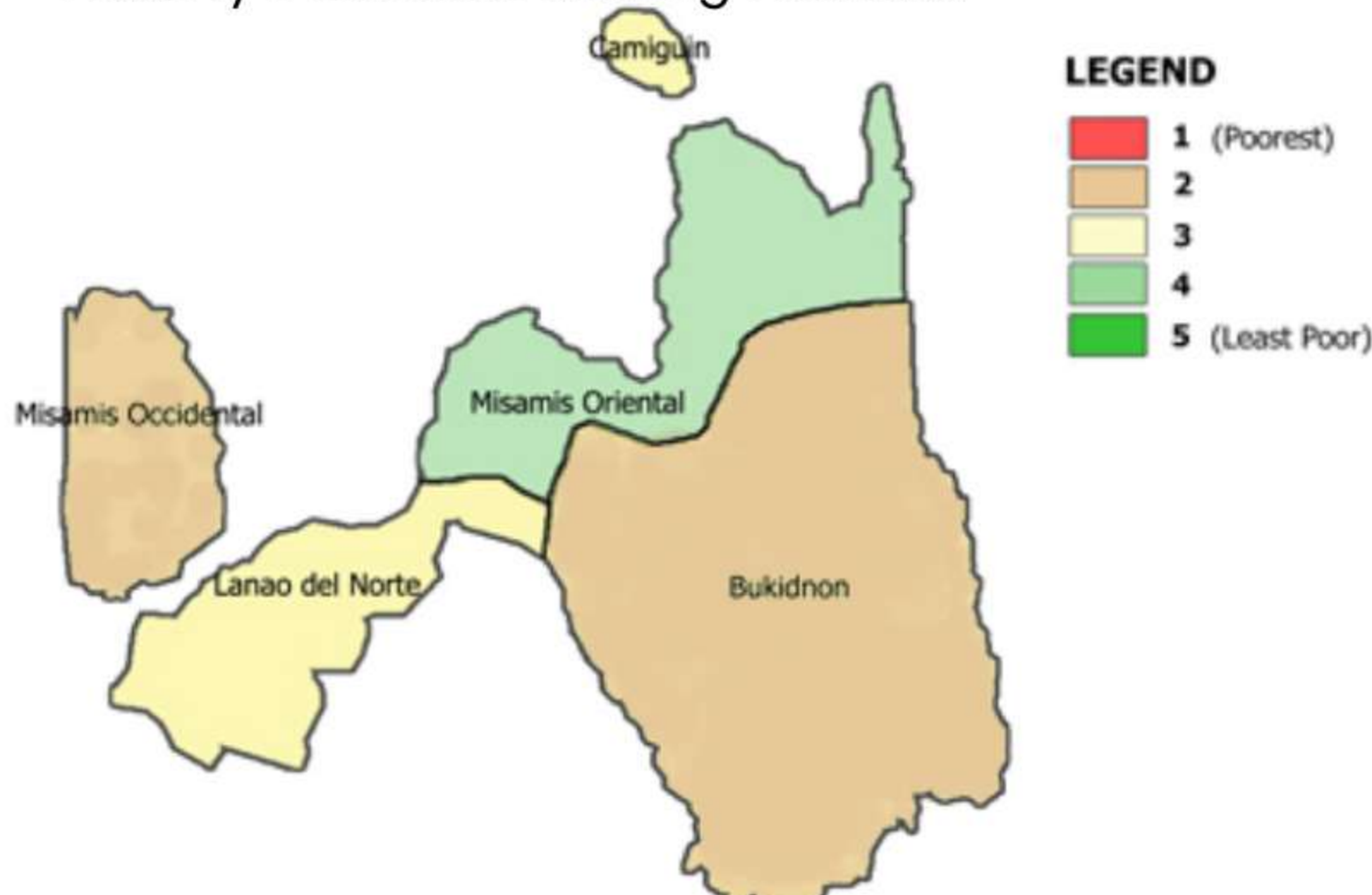
AMONG FAMILIES

10.9% of the families were **food poor**, that is, around **130 thousand families** cannot afford their basic food needs

AMONG POPULATION

762 thousand individuals or **15.0%** of the region's population lived below the food threshold or were **food poor**

First Semester 2018
Poverty Incidence among Families



First Semester 2021
Poverty Incidence among Families



Camiguin and Misamis Occidental moved to a lesser poor cluster; that is, from Cluster 3 to Cluster 4 and Cluster 2 to Cluster 3, respectively.



Lanao del Norte moved to a poorer cluster; that is, from cluster 3 to cluster 2

The back estimation of the 2018 first semester poverty statistics was made due to the adoption of the 2015 Census of Population (POPCEN 2015) results for the weights used in the Family Income and Expenditure Survey (FIES) and the urban-rural classification of barangays.